1. Which form of normalization deals with transitive dependency? **3rd NF**
2. Complete the following statements: **trigger ,Sps**,…--business rules integrity?
3. Structure details of the table created using? **Sp\_help**
4. Which integrity ensures validity of entries for a specific column? **Domain Integrity**
5. Which cannot be implemented while creating a table? **Triggers**
6. Which are not DDL statements? **Insert, UPDATE, DELETE, SELECT**
7. Which normalization says every determinant is a candidate key? **BCNF**
8. Complete the following: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_integrity preserves the defined relationships between tables when row is entered or deleted. **Referential Integrity**
9. Which of the following is a valid function type? **Table**
10. Constraints are useful for checking validity of DDL operation (**true** or false)?
11. Which of the command navigate through rows in the cursor? **Fetch**
12. ANSI\_WARNINGS is not honored when you pass parameters in function(**true** or false)
13. Which of the following code is invalid? **Select\*from(select\*from emp\_master)---- invalid**
14. True about sub query? Can be written only in where clause? **No**
15. Which normal form ensures most atomic state? **1NF**
16. Triggers can be nested to? **True but up to 32 levels only**
17. Which is invalid function creation? **Returns null on null input**
18. Which is not a DDL? (**TRUNCATE, USE, IDENTITY**)
19. Constraints are useful for checking the validity of DDL operation? (**True** or false)?
20. Dependency of inner query on outer query is required only in case of co-related sub queries(**T** or f)
21. If you begin a transaction but SQL server crashes before the transaction completes what happens? **Automatically roll backs**
22. 3NF Means if their exists P(a,b) as primary key on R(a,b,c,d,e) then apart from all prior conditions being satisfied ? **It should not happen that c identifies d----------------[not sure]**
23. **TRUNCATE , USE , IDENTITY** \_\_\_\_\_\_is not a DDL
24. Composite primary key can be specified while creating the table through table level constraint **(T** or F)?
25. Constraint can be applied at table level only (T or **F**)
26. Keyword not used with T-SQL cursors: **Movenext**
27. Which should be used to enable to use CLR? **Clr\_enabled (not sure)**
28. What cannot be done at table levels? **Triggers**
29. Which stored procedure is used to get the structure of table created? **Sp\_help(not sure)**
30. Business rules: **User define integrity**
31. Unique entity? **Entity integrity**
32. What is not used for combining tables? **Role**
33. When are constraints checked on a table with INSTEAD OF and AFTER triggers? **After the INSTEAD OF triggers and before the AFTER trigger**
34. Which T-SQL statement directly permitted in stored procedure?  **Create table**
35. On a table emp , triggers were created in the following order a)after trigger t1 b)after trigger t2 c)after trigger t3. what is the order of execution **t1t2t3**
36. Which one of the following types of database objects is bound to a table and executes a batch of code whenever a specific data modification action occurs? **Triggers**
37. Which one of the following commands and or keywords CANNOT be included inside a trigger? **Truncate Table**
38. Which one of the following SQL Server features allows for the ability to update data through views? **INSTEAD OF triggers**
39. Which one of the following methods do you use to implement a cascading delete in order to ensure referential integrity? **Create triggers on the appropriate tables.**
40. Which one of the following stored procedure calls forces an INSTEAD OF DELETE trigger to fire after any other INSTEAD OF triggers? **sp\_settriggerorder @triggername = 'MyDeleteTrigger', @order = 'last', @stmttype = 'DELETE'**
41. UPDATE test SET COL1=Null WHERE COL1=10 W hen the above TL-SQL statement causes a trigger to fire, which one of the following tables do you use to check for old values? **Deleted**
42. What is wrong with the code, when Trigger MyTrigger inserts a row in a referenced table in order to maintain referential integrity? **The trigger must check that it is at the top nesting level before performing an insert.**
43. Table name is a temp table visible only on connection on which it was created **#mytable**
44. Which among the following is a function type? **Table**
45. What is used in cursor for navigation? **Fetch**
46. Should function have an open parenthesis or not? **Yes**
47. Self-join keyword present or not? **No**
48. Which out of the following stored procedure types comes a part of SQL server and begin with xp\_? **Extended**
49. If any error in transaction: **Rollback**
50. Sub query cannot start after? **From**
51. Which one of the following keyword is NOT used with T-SQL cursors? **MOVENEXT**
52. Which one of the following about creation of views in SQL server is true? **views cannot execute stored procedures**
53. When are constraints checked on a table with INSTEAD OF and AFTER triggers? **After the INSTEAD OF triggers and before the AFTER trigger**
54. Not data type in procedure? **XML**
55. Which constraint establishes relation between tables? **Reference integrity**
56. Constraints check the validity for DDL operations: **True**
57. Which data type has 2GB storage space? **nvarchar(max)**
58. Which constraint makes sure a column has some value entered? **Not Null**
59. Which keyword in cursors used to move from one row to the end? **forward\_only**
60. Which normalization requires candidate key? **BCNF**
61. Stored procedures for parameter-**@**
62. Which is not a DDL command? **Identity**
63. select order.colname,customer,col.order,colname from customers,order : **Cartesian**
64. Constraints can be applied only at table level-**False**
65. ANSI warning can be honored while passing values-**True**
66. Composite primary key can be applied when creating new table-**True**
67. Row related - **Entity Integrity**
68. Columns related - **Domain Integrity**
69. Which T-SQL statement directly permitted in stored procedure? **Create Triggers**
70. Which of the following cannot be implemented while creating a table? **Identity**
71. Which one ensures that in a relation all attributes must be atomic and every non key attribute is fully functionally dependent on key attribute for its existence? **3NF**
72. Not used to combine data from multiple tables? **Role**